

Due: 2/19/08 - 12 noon

**Problem [1].** Consider the system given by

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad C = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

(a) Find the transfer function of this system and hence the differential equations describing the system in terms of inputs and outputs (i.e. no states).

(b) Determine controllability from  $u_1$ ,  $u_2$ , and  $u$ . If any of these systems is not controllable, find a basis for the controllable space. ■

**Problem [2].** Consider the inverted penduli system given in the *Case Studies* for the following values of the parameters:  $M = 2$ ,  $m = 1$ ,  $\ell_1 = 1$ ,  $\ell_2 = 1$ ,  $g = 10$ .

(a) Is the system stable? (b) Is the system controllable? Find the dimension and a basis for the controllable space. Is it possible to transfer each one of the initial states

$$\tilde{x} = [1 \ 0 \ 0 \ 0]^T, \quad \hat{x} = [1 \ 1 \ 0 \ 0]^T, \quad \bar{x} = [0 \ 0 \ 1 \ 1]^T$$

to the zero state? Furthermore, is it possible to transfer the state of the system from the initial state  $\hat{x}$  to the final state  $\bar{x}$ ? Justify your answers. ■

**Problem [3].** Consider the RLC system given in the *Case Studies* with the following values of the parameters:  $C_1 = C_2 = 1$ ,  $R = R_1 = R_2 = 1$ ,  $L_1 = L_2 = 1$ . Consider also the states:

$$\hat{x} = [0 \ 1 \ 0 \ 0]^T, \quad \tilde{x} = [0 \ 0 \ 0 \ 1]^T$$

(a) Is the system stable? Is the system controllable? Find the dimension and a basis for the controllable space.

(b) Explain whether there exists an input  $\hat{u}$  which will transfer the state of the system from 0 to  $\hat{x}$ . Is it possible to transfer the state of the system from  $\hat{x}$  to  $\tilde{x}$ ? Justify your answer. ■